IN THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (Canceled)
- 2. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting display device comprising:
- a first electrode formed on an insulator;
- an EL layer formed on the first electrode;
- a second electrode formed on the EL layer; and
- a light scattering body formed at a side opposite to the first electrode through the insulator, wherein said first electrode is electrically connected to a TFT.
- 3. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 2, wherein the first electrode is an anode, and the second electrode is a cathode.
- 4. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 2, wherein the first electrode comprises a translucent material, and the second electrode comprises a light shielding material.
 - 5. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting display device comprising:
 - a first electrode formed on an insulator;
 - an EL layer formed on the first electrode;
 - a second electrode formed on the EL layer; and

a light scattering body formed at a side opposite to the first electrode through the insulator.

- 6. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device as according to claim 5, wherein the first electrode is an anode, and the second electrode is a cathode.
- 7. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 5, wherein the first electrode comprises material, and the second electrode comprises a light shielding material.
- 8. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 1, wherein the light scattering body comprises a translucent material.
- 9. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 2, wherein the light scattering body comprises a translucent material.
- 10. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 5, wherein the light scattering body comprises a translucent material.
- 11. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 1, wherein the light scattering body comprises one selected from the group consisting of polycarbonate, polyimide, BCB, indium oxide, and tin oxide.
- 12. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 2, wherein the light scattering body comprises one selected from the group consisting of polycarbonate, polyimide, BCB,

indium oxide, and tin oxide.

- 13. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 5, wherein the light scattering body comprises one selected form the group consisting of polycarbonate, polyimide, BCB, indium oxide, and tin oxide.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 1, wherein a thickness (H) of the light scattering body has a relation of $H \ge W1$ with respect to a pitch (W1) of the light scattering body.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 2, wherein a thickness (H) of the light scattering body has a relation of $H \ge W1$ with respect to a pitch (W1) of the light scattering body.
- 16. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 5, wherein a thickness (H) of the light scattering body has a relation of $H \ge W1$ with respect to a pitch (W1) of the light scattering body.
- 17. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 1, wherein a pixel pitch is at least twice as long as a pitch of the light scattering body.
- 18. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 2, wherein a pixel pitch is at least twice as long as a pitch of the light scattering body.

- 19. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 5, wherein a pixel pitch is at least twice as long as a pitch of the light scattering body.
- 20. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 1, wherein an angle between the light scattering body and the insulator is not less than 60° and is less than 180°.
- 21. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 2, wherein an angle between the light scattering body and the insulator is not less than 60° and is less than 180°.
- 22. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 5, wherein an angle between the light scattering body and the insulator is not less than 60° and is less than 180°.
- 23. (Withdrawn) An electrical appliance using a self-light emitting device according to claim
 1.
- 24. (Withdrawn) An electrical appliance using a self-light emitting device according to claim2.
- 25. (Withdrawn) An electrical appliance using a self-light emitting device according to claim5.
 - 26. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting display device comprising:

- a first electrode formed on an insulator;
- an EL layer formed on the first electrode;
- a second electrode formed on the EL layer; and
- a light scattering body formed on the surface facing a material with the lowest refractive index.
- 27. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 26, wherein the first electrode is an anode, and the second electrode is a cathode.
- 28. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 26, wherein the first electrode is an cathode, and the second electrode is a anode.
- 29. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 26, wherein the light scattering body comprises a translucent material.
- 30. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 26, wherein the light scattering body comprises one selected from the group consisting of polycarbonate, polyimide, BCB, indium oxide, and tin oxide.
- 31. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 26, wherein a thickness (H) of the light scattering body has a relation of $H \ge W1$ with respect to a pitch (W1) of the light scattering body.

- 32. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 26, wherein a pixel pitch is at least twice as long as a pitch of the light scattering body.
- 33. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 26, wherein an angle between the light scattering body and the insulator is not less than 60° and is less than 180°.
- 34. (Withdrawn) An electrical appliance using a self-light emitting device according to claim 26.
- 35. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 26, wherein the first electrode is electrically connected to a TFT.
- 36. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting device according to claim 26, wherein the material with the lowest refractive index is the air.
 - 37. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting display device comprising:
 - a substrate;
 - a first electrode formed over a first surface of the substrate;
 - an EL layer formed on the first electrode;
 - a second electrode formed on the EL layer; and
- a light scattering body formed over a second surface of the substrate which is opposite to the first surface.

- 38. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 37, wherein the first electrode is electrically connected to a thin film transistor.
- 39. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 37, wherein the first electrode is an anode, and the second electrode is a cathode.
- 40. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 37, wherein the first electrode comprises a transparent material, and the second electrode comprises a light shielding material.
- 41. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 37, wherein the light scattering body comprises a transparent material.
- 42. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 37, wherein the light scattering body comprises one selected from the group consisting of polycarbonate, polyimide, BCB, indium oxide, and tin oxide.
- 43. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 37, wherein a thickness (H) of the light scattering body has a relation of $H \ge W1$ with respect to a pitch (W1) of the light scattering body.
- 44. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 37, wherein a pixel pitch is at least twice as long as a pitch of the light scattering body.

- 45. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 37, wherein an angle between the light scattering body and the second surface is not less than 60° and is less than 180°
- 46. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 37, wherein the self-light emitting device is incorporated into one of selected from the group consisting of an EL display, a video camera, and a computer.
 - 47. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting display device comprising:
 - a substrate;
 - a first electrode formed over a first surface of the substrate;
 - an EL layer formed on the first electrode;
 - a second electrode formed on the EL layer; and
- a light scattering body formed over a second surface of the substrate which is opposite to the first surface,

wherein a thickness (H) of the light scattering body has a relation of $H \ge W1$ with respect to a pitch (W1) of the light scattering body.

- 48. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 47, wherein the first electrode is electrically connected to a thin film transistor.
- 49. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 47, wherein the first electrode is an anode, and the second electrode is a cathode.

- 50. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 47, wherein the first electrode comprises a transparent material, and the second electrode comprises a light shielding material.
- 51. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 47, wherein the light scattering body comprises a transparent material.
- 52. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 47, wherein the light scattering body comprises one selected from the group consisting of polycarbonate, polyimide, BCB, indium oxide, and tin oxide.
- 53. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 47, wherein a pixel pitch is at least twice as long as a pitch of the light scattering body.
- 54. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 47, wherein an angle between the light scattering body and the second surface is not less than 60° and is less than 180°
- 55. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 47, wherein the self-light emitting device is incorporated into one of selected from the group consisting of an EL display, a video camera, and a computer.
 - 56. (Previously Presented) A light emitting display device comprising:

- a substrate;
- a first electrode formed over a first surface of the substrate;
- an EL layer formed over the first electrode;
- a second electrode formed over the EL layer; and
- a light scattering body formed over a second surface of the substrate which is opposite to the first surface,

wherein an inner angle between the light scattering body and the second surface is not less than 60° and is less than 180°.

- 57. (Previously Presented) A light emitting device according to claim 56, wherein the first electrode is electrically connected to a thin film transistor.
- 58. (Previously Presented) A light emitting device according to claim 56, wherein the first electrode is an anode, and the second electrode is a cathode.
- 59. (Previously Presented) A light emitting device according to claim 56, wherein the first electrode comprises a transparent material, and the second electrode comprises a light shielding material.
- 60. (Previously Presented) A light emitting device according to claim 56, wherein the light scattering body comprises a transparent material.
 - 61. (Previously Presented) A light emitting device according to claim 56, wherein the light

scattering body comprises one selected from the group consisting of polycarbonate, polyimide, BCB, indium oxide, and tin oxide.

- 62. (Previously Presented) A light emitting device according to claim 56, wherein a thickness (H) of the light scattering body has a relation of $H \ge W1$ with respect to a pitch (W1) of the light scattering body.
- 63. (Previously Presented) A light emitting device according to claim 56, wherein a pixel pitch is at least twice as long as a pitch of the light scattering body.
- 64. (Previously Presented) A light emitting device according to claim 56, wherein the self-light emitting device is incorporated into one of selected from the group consisting of an EL display, a video camera, and a computer.
 - 65. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting display device comprising:
 - a substrate;
 - a first electrode formed over a first surface of the substrate;
 - an EL layer formed on the first electrode;
 - a second electrode formed on the EL layer; and
 - a light scattering body formed over the second electrode.
- 66. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 65, wherein the first electrode is electrically connected to a thin film transistor.

- 67. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 65, wherein the light scattering body comprises a transparent material.
- 68. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 65, wherein the light scattering body comprises one selected from the group consisting of polycarbonate, polyimide, BCB, indium oxide, and tin oxide.
- 69. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 65, wherein a thickness (H) of the light scattering body has a relation of $H \ge W1$ with respect to a pitch (W1) of the light scattering body.
- 70. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 65, wherein a pixel pitch is at least twice as long as a pitch of the light scattering body.
- 71. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 65, wherein an angle between the light scattering body and the surface is not less than 60° and is less than 180°
- 72. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting device according to claim 65, wherein the self-light emitting device is incorporated into one of selected from the group consisting of an EL display, a video camera, and a computer.
 - 73. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting display device comprising:

- a substrate having a first surface and a second surface opposite to each other;
- a plurality of light emitting elements arranged in a matrix form over the first surface of the substrate; and
 - a light scattering body adjacent the second surface of the substrate.
 - 74. (Withdrawn) A self-light emitting display device comprising:
 - a substrate having a first surface and a second surface opposite to each other;
 - a passivation film formed over the plurality of light emitting elements;
 - a sealing film formed over the passivation film;
 - a sealing substrate formed over the sealing film; and
 - a light scattering body formed over the sealing substrate.
 - 75. (Canceled)
- 76. (Withdrawn) The self-light emitting display device according to claim 74, wherein the passivation film comprises at least one of silicon nitride and carbon film.
 - 77. (Canceled)
 - 78. (Previously Presented) A light emitting display device comprising:
 - a substrate;
 - a first electrode formed over a first surface of the substrate;
 - an EL layer formed over the first electrode;

a second electrode formed over the EL layer; and

a light scattering body formed over a second surface of the substrate which is opposite to the first surface,

wherein an inner angle between the light scattering body and the second surface is not less than 60° and is less than 180°, and

wherein the light scattering body is made of a different material from that of the substrate.

- 79. (Previously Presented) A light emitting display device according to claim 78, wherein the first electrode comprises a transparent material, and the second electrode comprises a light shielding material.
- 80. (Currently Amended) A light emitting device according to claim 56, wherein a light emitted from the EL layer is extracted from a surface of the light scattering body into the air.
- 81. (Currently Amended) A light emitting device according to claim 78, wherein a light emitted from the EL layer is extracted from a surface of the light scattering body <u>into the air</u>.
 - 82. (New) A light emitting display device comprising:
 - a substrate having a first surface and a second surface which is opposite to the first surface;
 - a first electrode formed over the first surface of the substrate;
 - an EL layer formed over the first electrode;
 - a second electrode formed over the EL layer; and
 - a light scattering body formed over the second surface of the substrate,

wherein an inner angle between the light scattering body and the second surface is not less than 60° and is less than 180°,

wherein the first electrode comprises a transparent material, and the second electrode comprises a light shielding material, and

wherein the light scattering body is a trapezoid.

- 83. (New) A light emitting device according to claim 82, wherein a light emitted from the EL layer is extracted from a surface of the light scattering body into the air.
- 84. (New) A light emitting device according to claim 56, wherein the light scattering body is a trapezoid.
- 85. (New) A light emitting device according to claim 78, wherein the light scattering body is a trapezoid.
- 86. (New) A light emitting device according to claim 56, wherein the first electrode is electrically connected to a TFT.
- 87. (New) A light emitting device according to claim 78, wherein the first electrode is electrically connected to a TFT.
- 88. (New) A light emitting device according to claim 82, wherein the first electrode is electrically connected to a TFT.